



Adrian's Glory Hosta

Hosta 'Adrian's Glory'

Plant Height: 18 inches

Flower Height: 24 inches

Spread: 30 inches

Spacing: 26 inches

Sunlight: ● ●

Hardiness Zone: 2a

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

Description:

Easy to grow and low maintenance, this variety features large mounds of textured, heart shaped foliage with wide, blue-green margins surrounding narrow gold centers; pale lavender flowers rise above mounds in mid-summer; great for shaded borders and beds

Ornamental Features

Adrian's Glory Hosta features dainty spikes of lavender bell-shaped flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive textured heart-shaped leaves remain green in color with showy buttery yellow variegation and tinges of chartreuse throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Adrian's Glory Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Adrian's Glory Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;



Adrian's Glory Hosta foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Adrian's Glory Hosta in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

Planting & Growing

Adrian's Glory Hosta will grow to be about 18 inches tall at maturity extending to 24 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 30 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 26 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.