



Overeyender English Yew

Taxus baccata 'Overeyenderi'

Height: 18 feet

Spread: 20 feet

Sunlight: ○ ● ●

Hardiness Zone: 6a

Other Names: Common Yew

Description:

A large, shapely evergreen shrub with a tight upright-oval and spreading habit; makes an excellent privacy screen or dense trimmed hedge, takes pruning well, if left unpruned can grow quite large

Ornamental Features

Overeyender English Yew has dark green evergreen foliage which emerges light green in spring on a dwarf conifer with an oval habit of growth. The ferny sprays of foliage turn coppery-bronze in the fall, which persists throughout the winter. The fruits are showy red drupes displayed from early to late fall.

Landscape Attributes

Overeyender English Yew is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a shapely oval form. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and can be pruned at anytime. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Overeyender English Yew is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Overeyender English Yew will grow to be about 18 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 20 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live to a ripe old age of 120 years or more; think of this as a heritage shrub for future generations!



Overeyender English Yew
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

This shrub performs well in both full sun and full shade. However, you may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America, and parts of it are known to be toxic to humans and animals, so care should be exercised in planting it around children and pets.