





September Sun Hosta Hosta 'September Sun'

Plant Height: 18 inches Flower Height: 30 inches

Spread: 3 feet

Spacing: 30 inches

Sunlight:

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Hardiness Zone: 2

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

Description:

Beautiful golden yellow-green foliage, with wide, contrasting dark green margins; near white flowers appear rise above during the midsummer months; tolerates some direct sun; adds color and texture to garden beds, borders or containers

Ornamental Features

September Sun Hosta features dainty spikes of lavender bell-shaped flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive textured heart-shaped leaves emerge lime green in spring, turning yellow in color with showy emerald green variegation and tinges of chartreuse throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

September Sun Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.



September Sun Hosta in bloom Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



September Sun Hosta Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects





September Sun Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

Planting & Growing

September Sun Hosta will grow to be about 18 inches tall at maturity extending to 30 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 3 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 30 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to full shade. Keep it well away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.