



## Common Sugarbush

*Protea repens*

Height: 12 feet

Spread: 12 feet

Sunlight: 

Hardiness Zone: 9

### Description:

These shrubs are known for their large, long blooming, thistle shaped flowers; beautiful red tones on petals with creamy centers; plant in full sun with plenty of drainage; younger plants not as tolerant of cold

### Ornamental Features

Common Sugarbush features bold red cup-shaped flowers with pink overtones and creamy white eyes at the ends of the branches from late fall to late winter. It has attractive olive green evergreen foliage which emerges green in spring. The narrow leaves are highly ornamental and remain olive green throughout the winter.

### Landscape Attributes

Common Sugarbush is a multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Common Sugarbush is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use



Common Sugarbush flowers  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Common Sugarbush in bloom  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

**Planting & Growing**

Common Sugarbush will grow to be about 12 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 12 feet. It has a low canopy, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 20 years.

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist growing conditions, but will not tolerate any standing water. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type, but has a definite preference for acidic soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This species is not originally from North America.