



Argentea Mountain Fir *Abies lasiocarpa 'Argentea'*

Height: 50 feet

Spread: 25 feet

Sunlight: ☐ ☒

Hardiness Zone: 3

Other Names: Alpine Fir, Subalpine Fir

Description:

An impressive fir with distinctly blue foliage all season long, slow growing, and retains its conical habit for many years; tolerates drier conditions than most firs

Ornamental Features

Argentea Mountain Fir is primarily valued in the landscape for its distinctively pyramidal habit of growth. It has attractive steel blue evergreen foliage which emerges powder blue in spring. The needles are highly ornamental and remain steel blue throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Argentea Mountain Fir is a dense evergreen tree with a strong central leader and a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. It lends an extremely fine and delicate texture to the landscape composition which can make it a great accent feature on this basis alone.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and usually looks its best without pruning, although it will tolerate pruning. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Argentea Mountain Fir is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening

Planting & Growing

Argentea Mountain Fir will grow to be about 50 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 25 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 2 feet from the ground, and should not be planted underneath power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 80 years or more.



Argentea Mountain Fir
 Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in sandy soils. It is quite intolerant of urban pollution, therefore inner city or urban streetside plantings are best avoided. This is a selection of a native North American species.