





Honeysweet Rose Rosa 'Honeysweet'

Height: 3 feet Spread: 3 feet Sunlight: •

Hardiness Zone: 3b

Group/Class: Buck Rose

Description:

An exceptional shrub rose that produces flushes of large salmon-pink flowers from early summer until frost; leathery foliage is attractive and disease resistant; all roses need full sun and well-drained soil



Honeysweet Rose flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Ornamental Features

Honeysweet Rose features showy fragrant salmon flowers with pink overtones and gold eyes at the ends of the branches from early summer to mid fall. The flowers are excellent for cutting. It has dark green deciduous foliage. The oval compound leaves do not develop any appreciable fall color.

Landscape Attributes

Honeysweet Rose is a multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a high maintenance shrub that will require regular care and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Spiny

Honeysweet Rose is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use





Planting & Growing

Honeysweet Rose will grow to be about 3 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 20 years.

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.