



David Golden Irish Yew

Taxus baccata 'David'

Height: 10 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight: ☐ ☒ ☐

Hardiness Zone: 6a

Other Names: Common Yew

Description:

A wonderful evergreen color accent tree with radiant variegated needles of gold and green on a slow growing columnar form; interesting red berries, has numerous applications, takes pruning well

Ornamental Features

David Golden Irish Yew is a dwarf conifer which is primarily valued in the landscape or garden for its rigidly columnar form. It has attractive green foliage edged in gold which emerges gold in spring. The ferny sprays of foliage are highly ornamental and turn chartreuse in the fall, which persists throughout the winter. The fruits are showy red drupes displayed from early to late fall.

Landscape Attributes

David Golden Irish Yew is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a narrowly upright and columnar growth habit. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and can be pruned at anytime. It has no significant negative characteristics.

David Golden Irish Yew is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Vertical Accent
- Hedges/Screening
- Topiary



David Golden Irish Yew
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

David Golden Irish Yew will grow to be about 10 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live to a ripe old age of 120 years or more; think of this as a heritage shrub for future generations!

This shrub performs well in both full sun and full shade. However, you may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America, and parts of it are known to be toxic to humans and animals, so care should be exercised in planting it around children and pets.