HERITAGE
FARM & GARDEN

Scintillation Rhododendron

Rhododendron 'Scintillation'



Scintillation Rhododendron flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Height: 6 feet

Spread: 6 feet

Sunlight: ○ ◐

Hardiness Zone: 6a

Description:

A popular spring-flowering evergreen shrub in warmer climates, covered in soft pink flowers with a splash of gold and a compact habit; absolutely must have well-drained, highly acidic and organic soil, use plenty of peat moss when planting

Ornamental Features

Scintillation Rhododendron is smothered in stunning clusters of lightly-scented shell pink trumpet-shaped flowers with a harvest gold blotch at the ends of the branches in mid spring, which emerge from distinctive pink flower buds. It has dark green evergreen foliage. The narrow leaves remain dark green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Scintillation Rhododendron is an open multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a more or less rounded form. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.



Scintillation Rhododendron flowers
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Scintillation Rhododendron is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

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Planting & Growing

Scintillation Rhododendron will grow to be about 6 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 6 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. You may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.