# **Plant Finder**





Crystal Ball Korean Fir Abies koreana 'Kristall Kugel'

Height: 18 inches

Spread: 18 inches

Sunlight: O

Hardiness Zone: 4a

Other Names: Kristallkugel, Crystal Mirror

#### **Description:**

Crystal Ball Korean Fir

Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

A beautiful dwarf variety that grows extremely slowly to form a mounded ball; it has short and wide needles that rotate around the shoots, showing white undersides; ideal for a rock garden, particular as to siting

### **Ornamental Features**

Crystal Ball Korean Fir is a dwarf conifer which is primarily valued in the garden for its interestingly mounded form. It has emerald green foliage with white undersides. The needles remain emerald green throughout the winter.

#### Landscape Attributes

Crystal Ball Korean Fir is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a mounded form. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should not require much pruning, except when necessary, such as to remove dieback. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Crystal Ball Korean Fir is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- General Garden Use

### **Planting & Growing**

Crystal Ball Korean Fir will grow to be about 18 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 18 inches. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 60 years or more.

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This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in sandy soils. It is quite intolerant of urban pollution, therefore inner city or urban streetside plantings are best avoided, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.