# Mor Gold Wintercreeper

***Euonymus fortunei 'Mor Gold'***



*Mor Gold Wintercreeper foliage*
*Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder*

Height: 24 inches

Spread: 12 feet

Sunlight: ○ ◐ ●

Hardiness Zone: 4

Other Names: Wintercreeper Euonymus

**Description:**

A stunning sport of the popular Emerald'n'Gold, this selection features green variegated golden evergreen leaves with 'more gold' than its parent; a superb color accent for screening or as a groundcover, certainly one of the most dazzling varieties

**Ornamental Features**

Mor Gold Wintercreeper has attractive emerald green-variegated gold foliage on a plant with a spreading habit of growth. The glossy oval leaves are highly ornamental and turn an outstanding pink in the fall, which persists throughout the winter. It produces pink capsules from mid to late fall.

**Landscape Attributes**

Mor Gold Wintercreeper is a multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a ground-hugging habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This shrub will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and can be pruned at anytime. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Mor Gold Wintercreeper is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

**Planting & Growing**

Mor Gold Wintercreeper will grow to be about 24 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 12 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 30 years.

This shrub performs well in both full sun and full shade. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist locations, and should do just fine under typical garden conditions. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.