Captain Kirk Hosta

Hosta 'Captain Kirk'

Plant Height: 20 inches

Flower Height: 32 inches

Spread: 30 inches

Spacing: 26 inches

Sunlight: ◐ ●

Hardiness Zone: 2

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

Description:

A medium sized variety great for shaded beds, borders and containers; features mounds of heart-shaped foliage with heavy texturing emerging chartreuse and turning to gold with wide green margins; pale lavender flowers appear in mid summer

Ornamental Features

Captain Kirk Hosta features dainty spikes of lavender bell-shaped flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive large textured heart-shaped leaves emerge chartreuse in spring, turning gold in color with showy dark green variegation throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Captain Kirk Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other garden plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects



Captain Kirk Hosta
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Captain Kirk Hosta foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Captain Kirk Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover



Captain Kirk Hosta
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Captain Kirk Hosta will grow to be about 20 inches tall at maturity extending to 32 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 30 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 26 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to full shade. Keep it well away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.