Golden Beauty Corn

Zea mays 'Golden Beauty'



Golden Beauty Corn fruit
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Height: 6 feet

Spread: 12 inches

Spacing: 12 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: (annual)

Description:

A delicious and well loved heirloom variety with excellent heat and drought tolerance; fast growing and early to mature, producing 7" long ears of corn full of tender golden yellow kernels; an outstanding choice for canning and freezing

Edible Qualities

Golden Beauty Corn is an annual vegetable plant that is typically grown for its edible qualities, although it does have ornamental merits as well. It produces small cobs of gold long kernels which are harvested from mid summer to early fall. The kernels have a sweet taste and a crisp texture.

The kernels are most often used in the following ways:

- Eating When Cooked/Prepared
- Cooking
- Preserves
- Canning
- Freezing

Planting & Growing

Golden Beauty Corn will grow to be about 6 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 12 inches. When planted in rows, individual plants should be spaced approximately 12 inches apart. This fast-growing vegetable plant is an annual, which means that it will grow for one season in your garden and then die after producing a crop. Because of its relatively short time to maturity, it lends itself to a series of successive plantings each staggered by a week or two; this will prolong the effective harvest period.

This plant can be integrated into a landscape or flower garden by creative gardeners, but is usually grown in a designated vegetable garden. It should only be grown in full sunlight. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. This plant is a heavy feeder that requires frequent fertilizing throughout the growing season to perform at its best. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in rich soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America, and it is considered by many to be an heirloom variety.