Golden Sweet™ Sea Buckthorn

Hippophae rhamnoides 'Golden Sweet'



Golden Sweet Sea Buckthorn fruit
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Height: 8 feet

Spread: 10 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 3

Other Names: Sea Berry, Russian Sandthorn

Description:

This excellent medium sized shrub features fine green foliage all season; very abundant and large, bright orange berries in late summer, make exceptional juice and preserves, or will persist into winter; extremely tolerant of dry, alkaline soils

Edible Qualities

Golden Sweet Sea Buckthorn is a medium-sized shrub that is typically grown for its edible qualities, although it does have ornamental merits as well. It produces large orange oval berries with yellow overtones which are typically harvested when mature. The berries have a sweet taste and a juicy texture.

The berries are most often used in the following ways:

- Fresh Eating
- Preserves
- Juice-Making

Features & Attributes

Golden Sweet Sea Buckthorn has attractive grayish green deciduous foliage on a plant with an upright spreading habit of growth. The narrow leaves are highly ornamental but do not develop any appreciable fall color. It features an abundance of magnificent orange berries with yellow overtones from late summer to late winter.

This is an open multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage. This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It is a good choice for attracting birds to your yard. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Suckering
- Spiny

Aside from its primary use as an edible, Golden Sweet Sea Buckthorn is sutiable for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

Planting & Growing

Golden Sweet Sea Buckthorn will grow to be about 8 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more. This is a female variety of the species which requires a male selection of the same species growing nearby in order to set fruit.

This shrub is quite ornamental as well as edible, and is as much at home in a landscape or flower garden as it is in a designated edibles garden. It should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers to grow in average to dry locations, and dislikes excessive moisture. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is particular about its soil conditions, with a strong preference for clay, alkaline soils, and is able to handle environmental salt. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.