Honeybells Hosta

Hosta 'Honeybells'

Height: 30 inches

Spread: 4 feet

Spacing: 4 feet

Sunlight: ◐ ●

Hardiness Zone: 2

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

Description:

A large and vigorous variety great for adding color, contrast and texture to beds, borders and containers; features dense mounds of large, heart-shaped light green foliage; fragrant, pale lavender flowers appear on tall scapes during the midsummer months

Ornamental Features

Honeybells Hosta features dainty spikes of lightly-scented lavender bell-shaped flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive large twisted heart-shaped leaves remain light green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Honeybells Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other garden plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Honeybells Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;



Honeybells Hosta
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Honeybells Hosta
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover



Honeybells Hosta
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Honeybells Hosta will grow to be about 24 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 4 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 4 feet apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to full shade. Keep it well away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.