Redcap Rose

Rosa 'Redcap'



Redcap Rose flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Height: 3 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 6

Other Names: Red Cap Rose

Group/Class: Floribunda Rose

Description:

Bushy and upright in form, this variety produces striking clusters of pure red semi-double blooms; slight to no fragrance; a tremendous visual impact when massed in the garden; a lovely cut flower

Ornamental Features

Redcap Rose features showy clusters of semi-double red flowers with gold eyes at the ends of the branches from mid spring to mid fall. The flowers are excellent for cutting. It has grayish green deciduous foliage. The glossy oval compound leaves do not develop any appreciable fall color.

Landscape Attributes

Redcap Rose is a multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a high maintenance shrub that will require regular care and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It is a good choice for attracting bees to your yard. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Disease
- Spiny

Redcap Rose is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Redcap Rose will grow to be about 3 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 30 years.

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.