Bedda Nut Tree

Terminalia bellirica

Height: 80 feet

Spread: 50 feet

Sunlight: ○ ◐

Hardiness Zone: 9

Other Names: Bahera, Beleric Tree, Bastard Myrobalan



Bedda Nut Tree
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Ornamental Features

Bedda Nut Tree has attractive dark green deciduous foliage on a tree with an upright spreading habit of growth. The large oval leaves are highly ornamental but do not develop any appreciable fall color. However, the fruit can be messy in the landscape and may require occasional clean-up.

Landscape Attributes

Bedda Nut Tree is a deciduous tree with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its strikingly bold and coarse texture can be very effective in a balanced landscape composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Bedda Nut Tree is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Shade
- Windbreaks and Shelterbelts



Bedda Nut Tree foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Bedda Nut Tree will grow to be about 80 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 50 feet. It has a high canopy of foliage that sits well above the ground, and should not be planted underneath power lines. As it matures, the lower branches of this tree can be strategically removed to create a high enough canopy to support unobstructed human traffic underneath. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 80 years or more.

This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in rich soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is not originally from North America.