Concha California Lilac

Ceanothus 'Concha'

Height: 6 feet

Spread: 10 feet

Sunlight: ○ ◐

Hardiness Zone: 7

Description:

A dense shrub with arching branches and dark green glossy foliage; a prolific bloomer, with beautiful blue flower clusters adding color in the spring; perfect for borders and rock gardens; very drought tolerant once established



Concha California Lilac
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Concha California Lilac flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Ornamental Features

Concha California Lilac is bathed in stunning cymes of blue star-shaped flowers along the branches from late spring to early summer. It has attractive dark green evergreen foliage. The glossy oval leaves are highly ornamental and remain dark green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Concha California Lilac is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a shapely form and gracefully arching branches. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It is a good choice for attracting bees and butterflies to your yard, but is not particularly attractive to deer who tend to leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Spreading

Concha California Lilac is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

Planting & Growing

Concha California Lilac will grow to be about 6 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 30 years.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil, and will often die in standing water. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.