



Blue Pearl Jacob's Ladder Polemonium caeruleum 'Blue Pearl'

Plant Height: 12 inches
Flower Height: 24 inches

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Description:

A beautiful selection ideal for garden beds, borders or mass planting; lavender blue flowers rise above green ferny foliage on tall, sturdy stems; blooms from mid spring through summer; shade tolerant; makes a nice addition to cut flower arrangements



Blue Pearl Jacob's Ladder flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Ornamental Features

Blue Pearl Jacob's Ladder has masses of beautiful spikes of lavender flowers with sky blue overtones rising above the foliage from mid spring to mid summer, which are most effective when planted in groupings. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its ferny pinnately compound leaves remain green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Blue Pearl Jacob's Ladder is an herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Self-Seeding

Blue Pearl Jacob's Ladder is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use





Planting & Growing

Blue Pearl Jacob's Ladder will grow to be about 12 inches tall at maturity extending to 24 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 18 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 15 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.