



## Pagoda Rodgersia

*Rodgersia podophylla 'Pagode'*

Height: 3 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Spacing: 24 inches

Sunlight:  

Hardiness Zone: 4b

### Description:

This Asian variety displays full round plants with large palmate leaves carried in tiers and topped with a great inflorescence of large white panicles of flowers in summer

### Ornamental Features

Pagoda Rodgersia features bold plumes of white flowers rising above the foliage from late spring to early summer. Its attractive large serrated oval palmate leaves emerge coppery-bronze in spring, turning olive green in color. As an added bonus, the foliage turns a gorgeous ruby-red in the fall.

### Landscape Attributes

Pagoda Rodgersia is an herbaceous perennial with a rigidly upright and towering form. Its wonderfully bold, coarse texture can be very effective in a balanced garden composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Pagoda Rodgersia is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover
- Bog Gardens



*Pagoda Rodgersia*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



*Pagoda Rodgersia foliage*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### Planting & Growing

Pagoda Rodgersia will grow to be about 30 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 24 inches apart. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in moist to wet soil, and will even tolerate some standing water. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in rich soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone over the growing season to conserve soil moisture. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.