



Radiant Red Azalea
Rhododendron 'Radiant Red'

Height: 8 feet

Spread: 6 feet

Sunlight: ☐ ☒

Hardiness Zone: 6a

Group/Class: Aromi Hybrid

Description:

Large, fragrant, deep red blooms adorn this lovely variety in early to mid-spring; an accent or border shrub that will definitely stand out; tolerates southern heat and humidity; absolutely must have well-drained, highly acidic and organic soil

Ornamental Features

Radiant Red Azalea is covered in stunning clusters of fragrant red trumpet-shaped flowers with orange overtones at the ends of the branches from early to mid spring, which emerge from distinctive dark red flower buds. It has green deciduous foliage. The glossy oval leaves turn orange and in fall.

Landscape Attributes

Radiant Red Azalea is an open multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Radiant Red Azalea is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use



Radiant Red Azalea flowers
 Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Radiant Red Azalea flowers
 Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Radiant Red Azalea will grow to be about 8 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 6 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. You may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. This plant should be periodically fertilized throughout the active growing season with a specially-formulated acidic fertilizer. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.