



Millcreek Broom Colorado Spruce
Picea pungens 'Millcreek Broom'

Height: 5 feet

Spread: 5 feet

Sunlight: ☐

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Other Names: Blue Colorado Spruce; Colorado Blue Spruce

Description:

A dense, rounded habit that is very slow growing, and bright silver-blue new foliage make this selection an ideal accent plant for borders and edges; this one requires little maintenance to maintain its tidy form

Ornamental Features

Millcreek Broom Colorado Spruce is a dwarf conifer which is primarily valued in the landscape or garden for its ornamental globe-shaped form. It has attractive bluish-green evergreen foliage which emerges silvery blue in spring. The needles are highly ornamental and remain bluish-green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Millcreek Broom Colorado Spruce is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a more or less rounded form. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub. When pruning is necessary, it is recommended to only trim back the new growth of the current season, other than to remove any dieback. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Millcreek Broom Colorado Spruce is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover



Millcreek Broom Colorado Spruce
 Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Millcreek Broom Colorado Spruce will grow to be about 5 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 5 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist growing conditions, but will not tolerate any standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for xeriscaping or the moisture-conserving landscape. It is not particular as to soil type or pH, and is able to handle environmental salt. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selection of a native North American species.