



Copper Delight Juniper
Juniperus communis 'ReeDak'

Height: 15 inches

Spread: 5 feet

Sunlight: ☐

Hardiness Zone: 2b

Description:

A dense and prolific groundcover that is sure to add interest, low spreading habit and beautiful light green foliage that turns coppery in late fall; very hardy and disease resistant, it is also slow growing and is very low maintenance

Ornamental Features

Copper Delight Juniper is a dwarf conifer which is primarily valued in the garden for its broadly spreading habit of growth. It has attractive light green evergreen foliage. The needles are highly ornamental and turn coppery-bronze in the fall, which persists throughout the winter. It produces blue berries from late spring to late winter.

Landscape Attributes

Copper Delight Juniper is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a ground-hugging habit of growth. It lends an extremely fine and delicate texture to the landscape composition which should be used to full effect.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Copper Delight Juniper is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover



Copper Delight Juniper
 Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Copper Delight Juniper will grow to be about 15 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 5 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 30 years.

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist growing conditions, but will not tolerate any standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for a low-water garden or xeriscape application. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selection of a native North American species.